

Analysis of Projects accepted Year 2017 by Geographic sectors.

Continent and country	Amount in CHF & %		No of Beneficiaries & %	
Asia				
Nepal	166,785		2,948	
India	36,834		7,030	
Cambodia	29,892		105,154	
Bangladesh	25,103		7,000	
	258,614	25.1%	122,132	35.5%
Africa				
Madagascar	150,625		1,395	
Kenya	173,760		38,750	
Malawi	171,107		166,242	
Ghana	58,020		887	
Tanzania	19,882		2,500	
Uganda	37,012		585	
Zambia	112,669		8,196	
	723,115	70.2%	218,555	63.5%
South America				
Ecuador	28,830	2.8%	1,448	0.4%
Switzerland	20,000	1.9%	2,200	0.6%
Total for year	1,030,519	100%	344,335	100%

Notes to the tables:

1) Please note that most of the projects are funds for construction and purchase of equipment, and thus the beneficiaries will be on-going for several years. I have only included the beneficiaries the 1 year in the table. On average we count 7-10 years for construction in under-developed counties and 5-7 for equipment. So at the lowest point of the spectrum we have aided around 1,500,000 people in need in 2017, well under 1 CHF per person.

2) Health centers have the highest number of beneficiaries as they include the whole population of the area, which is why Asia with 25.1% of funds donated resulting in 35.5% of beneficiaries aided.

3) Most charities defend vociferously that the benefit of a school constructed ought to include the whole population, the families etc as they all benefit. It is true that the whole society benefits, although I preferred to include only the numbers of students attending in 1 year, which in many cases will increase due to the new buildings.

4) 1 last point, the project of Prof Gyr in Bangladesh is actually more correctly defined as clinical research. Fondation Eagle funded the original pilot study, which when proved successful was funded on a large scale by bigger foundations and is now in its final stages. Should this be successful, which is highly anticipated, it could help save the lives of 1,200,000 children under 5 who suffer from severe pneumonia globally.